

# SPECIFICATION

Passive Matrix LCD Module

( 128 x 64 Dots )

APPROVED BY

MODEL NO.

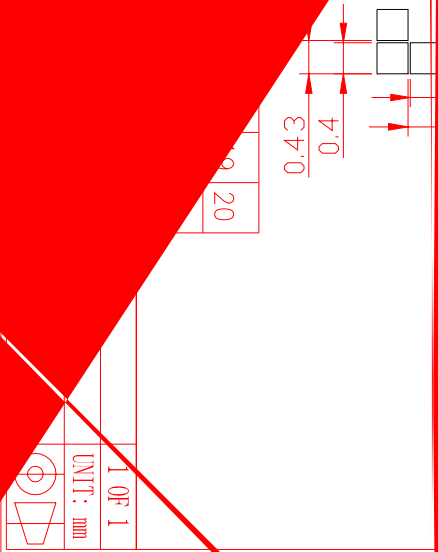
2003-06-13

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1.LCD TYPE: STN POSITIVE,TRANSFLECTIVE,Y-G





## 6. Mechanical Specifications

## 7. Electrical Specifications

### 7-1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item		Value		
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## 7-2. Electrical Characteristics

V<sub>DD</sub>=+5V±10%, V<sub>SS</sub>=0V, Ta=0°C --50°C

Item	Symbol	Spec. Value			Unit	Condition	
		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Supply Voltage	Logic	V <sub>DD</sub> -V <sub>SS</sub>	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	-
	LCD	V <sub>DD</sub> -V <sub>O</sub>	-	9.1	-	V	Ta=-20°C != "0, # =0
			8.6	8.8	9.0	V	Ta=25°C != "0, # =0
			-	8.6	-	V	Ta=70°C != "0, # =0
Supply Current	Logic	I <sub>DD</sub>	-	2.0	2.5	mA	V <sub>DD</sub> =+5V±10% V <sub>SS</sub> =0V
	LCD	I <sub>O</sub>	-	1.0	1.5	mA	
Power Consumption		P <sub>D</sub>	-	500	-	mW	Ta=25°C
Input Voltage "HIGH" Level		V <sub>IH</sub>	2.2	-	V <sub>DD</sub>	V	-
Input Voltage "LOW" Level		V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.3	-	0.6	V	-
Output Voltage "HIGH" Level		V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4	-	-	V	-
Output Voltage "LOW" Level		V <sub>OL</sub>	-	-	0.4	V	-

## 8. Characteristics of Backlighting(LED Unit)

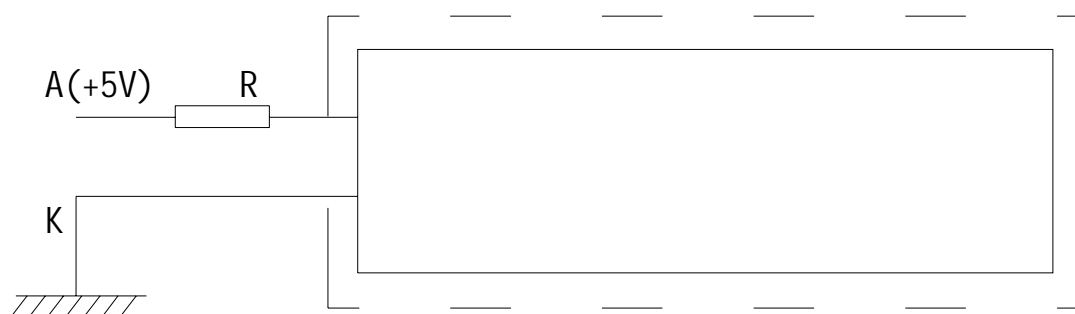
### 8-1. Absolute maximum ratings

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit.
Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	Ta=25°C	-	-	mA
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	Ta=25°C	-	5.0	V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	Ta=25°C	-	-	mW

## 8-2. Opto-electric Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Forward Voltage	$V_f$	$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$	3.7	3.9	4.1	V
Luminous	-	IF=80mA		-	-	Cd/m <sup>2</sup>

## 8-3. LED Circuit Diagram



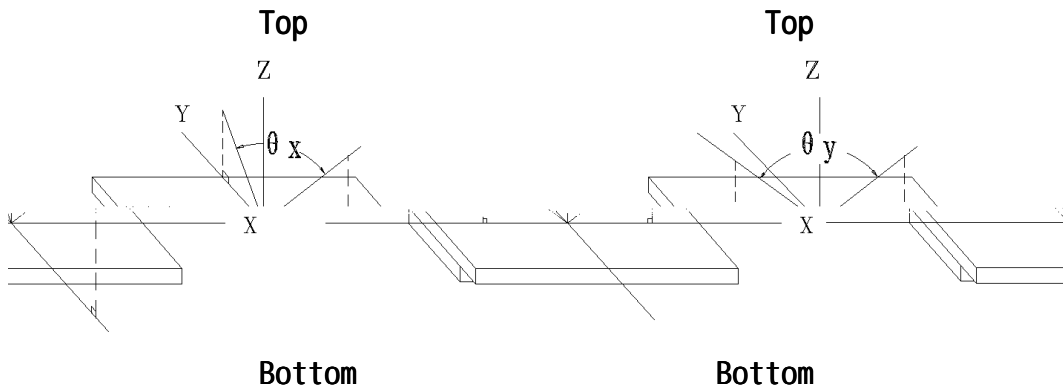
## 9. Electro-Optical Characteristics

### 9.1 Optical Characteristics

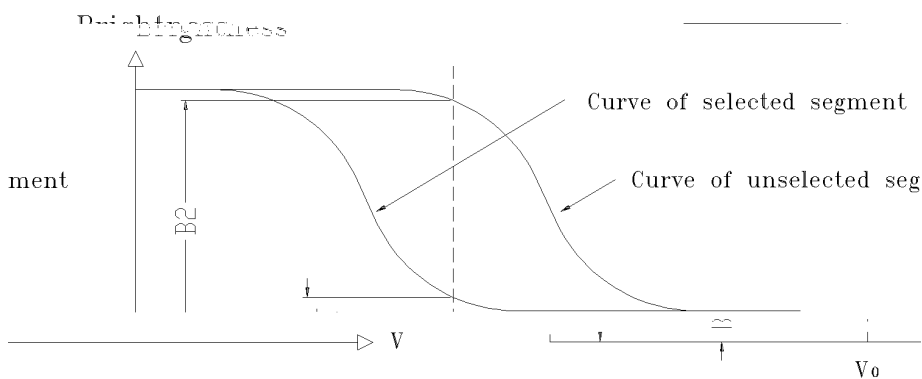
$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Viewing Angle	"x	Cr\$2	"y=0#	-35 -- 20		Deg
	"y		"x=0#	-30 -- 30		
Contrast Ratio	Cr	"x=0# "y=0#	4	-	-	
Response Time	Turn on	Ton	"x=0# "y=0#	-	-	250
	Turn off	Toff		-	-	250

## 9.2 Definition of Viewing Angle



## 9.3 Definition of Contrast Ratio

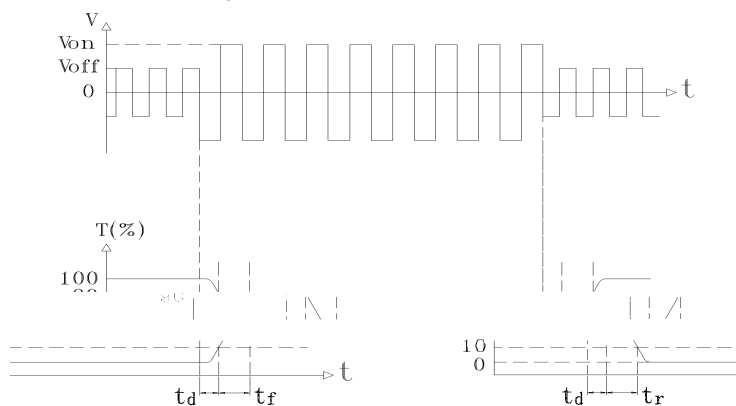


$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = B2/B1 = \frac{\text{unselected state brightness}}{\text{selected state brightness}}$$

Measuring Conditions:

- 1) Frame frequency: 100.0Hz

## 9.4 Definition of Response time



Turn on time:  $t_{on} = t_d + t_r$

Turn off time:  $t_{off} = t_d + t_r$

Measuring Condition:

- 1) Operating Voltage: 6.5V

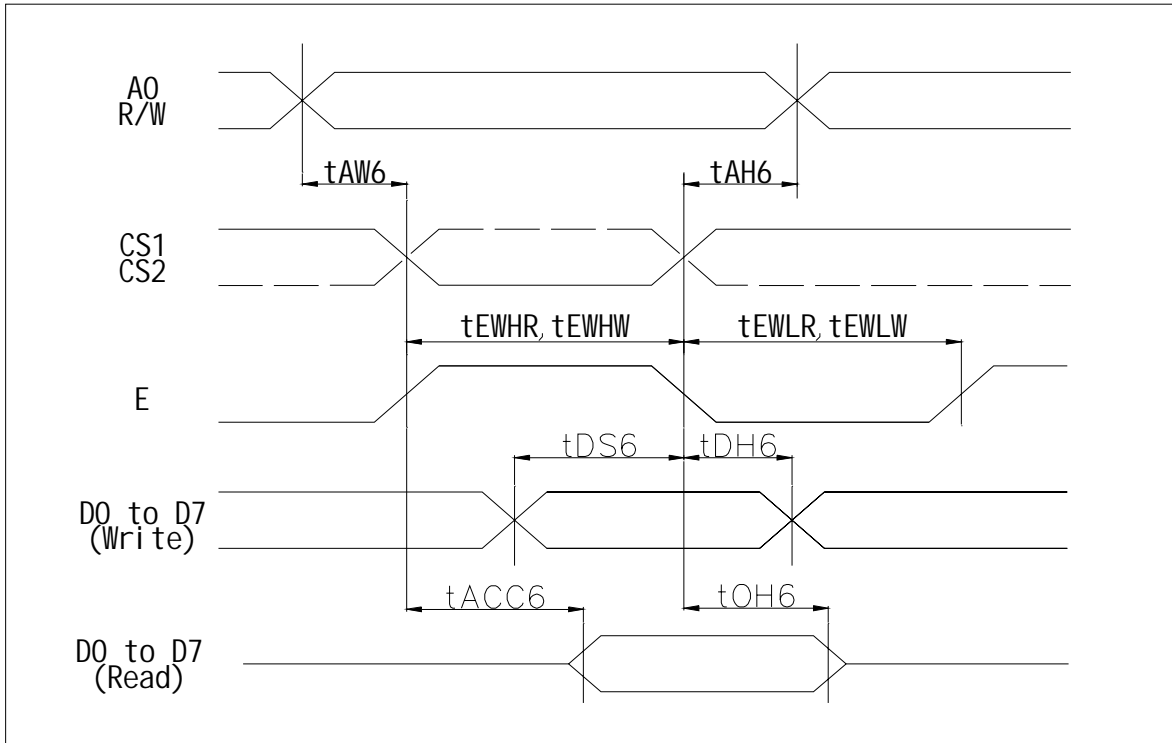
- 2) Frame frequency: 100.0Hz

## 10. Pin Assignment

Pin No.	Symbol	Level	Function
1	VDD(Vcc)	+5V	Logic Supply Voltage
2	Vss(GND)	0V	Ground
3	V0	/	
4	DB0	H/L	Data Bus Line
5	DB1	H/L	
6	DB2	H/L	
7	DB3	H/L	
8	DB4	H/L	
9	DB5	H/L	
10	DB6	H/L	
11	DB7	H/L	
12	CS0	H/L	Select Master IC
13	CS1	H/L	Select Master IC
14	RES	/	
15	R/W	H/L	H: DATA Read L: Data Write
16	RS	H/L	H: Data Input L: Instruction Input
17	E	H, H->L	Enable Signal
18	VEE	/	
19	A		Power Backlighting
20	K		

# 11. Timing Characteristics

## (1) System Bus Read/Write Characteristics (MPU->LCD MODULE)



(VDD = 4.5 V to 5.5 V, Ta = -40 to 8 °C )

Item	Signal	Symbol	Condition	Rating		Units
				Min	Max	
Address hold time	A0	tAH6		0	—	ns
Address setup time	A0	tAW6		0	—	ns
System cycle time	A0	tCYC6		7254	—	ns
Data setup time	D0 to D7	tDS6		25	—	ns
Data hold time		tDH6		0	—	ns
Access time		tACC6	CL =	—	170	ns
Output disable time		tOH6	100 pF	10	130	ns
Enable pulse width	Read Write	E	tEWHR	2260	—	ns
			tEWHW	1980	—	ns
Enable pulse width	Read Write	E	tEWLR	104	—	ns
			tEWLW	7150	—	ns

## 12. Instruction Set

The KS0108 chip identify the data bus signals by a combination of D/I, R/W, E signals. Command interpretation and execution does not depend on the external clock, but rather is performed through internal timing only.

The interface is placed in a read mode when an “H” signal is input to the R/W terminal and placed in a write mode when a “L” signal is input to the R/W terminal and then the command is launched by inputting a high pulse to the E terminal. (See Timing Characteristics” regarding the timing.)

### (1). Display ON/OFF

The display data appears when D is 1 and disappears when D is 0. Though the data is not on the screen with D = 0, it remains in the display data RAM. Therefore, you can make it appear by changing D = 0 into D = 1.

R/W	D/I	D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0	Setting
0	0	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0	Display OFF
			Display ON

### (2) Display Start Line

Z address D5 - D0 (binary) of the display data RAM is set in the display start line register and is displayed at the top of the screen.

R/W	D/I	D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0	Line address
0	0	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	0
			1
			2
			↓
			62
			63

### (3) Set Page (X Address)

X address D2 –D0 (binary) of the display data RAM is set in the X address register. After that, writing or reading to or from MPU is executed in this specified page until the next page is set.

R/W	D/I	D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0	Page address
0	0	1 0 1 1 1 0 0 0	0
			1
			↓
			6
			7

#### (4) Set Y Address

Y address D5 - D0 (binary) of the display data RAM is set in the Y address counter. After that, Y address counter is increased by 1 every time the data is written or read to or from MPU.

R/W	D/I	D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0	Y address
0	0	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	0
		0 0 0 0 0 1	1
		0 0 0 0 1 0	2
		↓	↓
		1 1 1 1 1 0	62
		1 1 1 1 1 1	63

#### (5) Status Read

R/W	D/I	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
1	0	BUSY	0	ON/OFF	RESET	0	0	0	0

BUSY	When busy is 1, the LSI is executing internal operations. No instructions are accepted while busy is 1, so you should make sure that busy is 0 before writing the next instruction.
ON/OFF	Shows the liquid crystal display conditions: on condition or off condition. When on/off is 1, the display is in off condition. When on/off is 0, the display is in on condition.
RESET	RESET = 1 shows that the system is being initialized. In this condition, no instructions except status read can be accepted. RESET = 0 shows that initializing has finished and the system is in the usual operation condition.

#### (6) Write Display Data

Writes 8-bit data D7 – D0 (binary) into the display data RAM. Then Y address is increased by 1 automatically.

R/W	D/I	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
1	0	Write data							

#### (7) Read Display Data

Reads out 8-bit data D7 – D0 (binary) from the display data RAM. Then Y address is increased by 1 automatically.

R/W	D/I	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
1	0	Read data							

Instructions	Command Code										Functions		
	R/W	D/I	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0			
(1) Display ON/OFF	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	LCD display ON/OFF 1: ON, 0: OFF	
(2) Display start line	0	0	1	1	Display start line (0-63)							Specifies the RAM line displayed at the top of the screen.	
(3) Set page (X address)	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	Page (0-7)				Sets the page (X address) of RAM at the page (X address) register.	
(4) Set Y address	0	0	0	1	Y address (0-63)							Sets the Y address in the Y address counter.	
(5) Status read	1	0	busy 0 on/off res 0 0 0 0										Reads the status. RESET 1: Reset 0: Normal ON/ OFF 1: Display off 0: Display on Busy 1: Internal operation 0: Ready
(6) Write Display data	0	1	Write data										Writes data DB0 (LSB) to DB7 (MSB) on the data bus into display RAM
(7) Read Display data	1	1	Read data										Reads data DB0 (LSB) to DB7 (MSB) from the display RAM to the data bus.

Note: Busy time varies with the frequency (f CLK) of  $\phi 1$ , and  $\phi 2$ . ( $1/f CLK \leq T_{busy} \leq 3/f CLK$ )